LESSON PLAN FOR SURVEYING-I(TH-3) FOR 4TH SEM ,CIVIL ENGG. -SUMMER 2023

FACULTY NAME -PARTHASARATHI SAHOO(PTGF.) W.E.F.-14/02/2023

No. of classes alloted/week -5

WEEK NO.	ТОРІС	PERIODS ASSIGNED PER TOPIC	PERIODS AVAILABLE PER WEEK
W-1	1 INTRODUCTION TO SURVEYING, LINEAR MEASUREMENTS: 1.1 Surveying: Definition, Aims and objectivEes 1.2 Principles of survey-Plane surveying- Geodetic Surveying-Instrumental surveying. 1.3 Precision and accuracy of measurements, instruments used for	1	3
W-2	measurement of distance, Types of tapes and chains. 1.4 Errors and mistakes in linear measurement – classification, Sources of errors and remedies. 1.5 Corrections to measured lengths due to-incorrect length, temperature variation, pull, sag, numerical problem applying	7	4
	2.1 Equipment and accessories for chaining 2.2 Ranging – Purpose, signaling, direct and indirect ranging, Line ranger – features and use, error due to incorrect ranging.		1
W-3	 2.3 Methods of chaining –Chaining on flat ground, Chaining on sloping ground – stepping method, Clinometer-features and use, slope correction. 2.4 Setting perpendicular with chain & tape, Chaining across different types of obstacles –Numerical problems on chaining across obstacles. 2.5 Purpose of chain surveying, Its Principles, concept of field book. Selection of survey stations, base line, tie lines, Check lines. 2.6 Offsets – Necessity, Perpendicular and Oblique offsets, Instruments for setting offset – Cross Staff, Optical Square. 2.7 Errors in chain surveying – compensating and accumulative 	7	5+1
W-4	3 ANGULAR MEASUREMENT AND COMPAS SURVEYING: 3.1 Measurement of angles with chain, tape & compass 3.2 Compass – Types, features, parts, merits & demerits, testing & adjustment of compass 3.3 Designation of angles- concept of meridians – Magnetic,	12	4+1
W-5	True, arbitrary; Concept of bearings – Whole circle bearing, Quadrantal bearing, Reduced bearing, suitability of application, numerical problems on conversion of bearings 3.4 Use of compasses – setting in field-centering, leveling, taking readings, concepts of Fore bearing, Back Bearing, Numerical problems on computation of interior & exterior angles from bearings. 3.5 Effects of earth's magnetism – dip of needle, magnetic declination, variation in declination, numerical problems on application of correction for declination. 3.6 Errors in angle measurement with compass – sources &		5+1
	remedies. 3.7 Principles of traversing – open & closed traverse, Methods		1
W-6	4 MAP READING CADASTRAL MAPS & NOMENCLATURE: 4.1 Study of direction, Scale, Grid Reference and Grid		1+1

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W-7	Square Study of Signs and Symbols 4.2 Cadastral Map Preparation Methodology 4.3 Unique identification number of parcel	7	5
	4.4 Positions of existing Control Points and its types4.5 Adjacent Boundaries and Features, TopologyCreation and verification.		3
	5 PLANE TABLE SURVEYING: 5.1 Objectives, principles and use of plane table surveying. 5.2 Instruments & accessories used in plane table surveying.		1
W-8	5.3 Methods of plane table surveying – (1) Radiation, (2) Intersection, (3) Traversing, (4) Resection. 5.4 Statements of TWO POINT and THREE POINT PROBLEM. Errors in plane table surveying and their corrections, precautions in plane table surveying.	7	6
	PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION		2
W-9	6.1 Purpose and definition of theodolite surveying 6.2 Transit theodolite- Description of features, component parts, Fundamental axes of a theodolite, concept of vernier, reading a vernier, Temporary adjustment of theodolite		1+1
	 6.3 Concept of transiting –Measurement of horizontal and vertical angles. 6.4 Measurement of magnetic bearings, deflection angle, direct angle, setting out angles, prolonging a straight line with theodolite, 		
W-10	Methods of theodolite traversing with – inclined angle method, flection angle method, bearing method, Plotting the traverse by ordinate method, Checks for open and closed traverse. Traverse computation – consecutive coordinates, latitude and	15	5+1
W-10	departure, Gale's traverse table, Numerical problems on omitted measurement of lengths & bearings 6.7 Closing error – adjustment of angular errors, adjustment of bearings, numerical problems 6.8 Balancing of traverse – Bowditch's method, transit method, graphical method, axis method, calculation of area of closed traverse.		5+1
	PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION		2
W-11	7 LEVELLING AND CONTOURING: 7.1 Definition and Purpose and types of leveling—concepts of level surface, Horizontal surface, vertical surface, datum, R. L., B.M. 7.2 Instruments used for leveling, concepts of line of collimation, axis of bubble tube, axis of telescope, Vertical axis. 7.3 Levelling staff—Temporary adjustments of level, taking reading with level, concept of bench mark, BS, IS, FS, CP, HI. 7.4 Field data entry—level Book—height of collimation method and Rise & Fall method, comparison, Numerical problems on reduction of levels applying both methods, Arithmetic checks. 7.5 Effects of curvature and refraction, numerical problems on application of correction. 7.6 Reciprocal leveling—principles, methods, numerical problems, precise leveling. 7.7 Errors in leveling and precautions, Permanent and temporary adjustments of different types of levels.	15	3+1
W-12	7.8 Definitions, concepts and characteristics of contours. 7.9 Methods of contouring, plotting contour maps, Interpretation of contour maps, toposheets. 7.10 Use of contour maps on civil engineering projects – drawing		5+3

W-13	cross- sections from contour maps, locating proposal routes of roads / railway / canal on a contour map, computation of volume of earthwork from contour map for simple structure. 7.11 Map Interpretation: Interpret Human and Economic Activities (i.e.: Settlement, Communication, Land use etc.), Interpret Physical landform (i.e.: Relief, Drainage Pattern etc.), Problem Solving and Decision Making		4
W-14	8 COMPUTATION OF AREA & VOLUME: 8.1 Determination of areas, computation of areas from plans. 8.2 Calculation of area by using ordinate rule, trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule. 8.3 Calculation of volumes by prismoidal formula and trapezoidal formula, Prismoidal corrections, curvature correction for volumes.	5	5
W-15	REVISION	5	5